
The purpose of the proposed amendments is to add the definition of “catastrophic injury”, update the definitions of “maiden” and “purse” recognizing industry-standard resources and add the definition of “substitute steward” as means of ensuring race meets can proceed in the event a third steward is unavailable.

15.2.1.7 DEFINITIONS:

C. Definitions beginning with the letter “c”:

(1) “Carryover” refers to non-distributed monies, which are retained and added to a corresponding pool in accordance with these rules.

(2) “Catastrophic injury” means an equine injury resulting in death or euthanasia of a horse within 72 hours of injury.

~~[(2)]~~(3) “Claiming race” is a race in which any horse starting may be claimed (purchased for a designated amount) in conformance with the rules.

~~[(3)]~~(4) “Classified handicap” is a free handicap race in which contestants are assigned weights to be carried by the handicapper for the purpose of equaling their respective chances of winning.

~~[(4)]~~(5) “Commission” means the state racing commission.

~~[(5)]~~(6) “Conditions” are qualifications, which determine a horse's eligibility to be entered in a race.

~~[(6)]~~(7) “Contest” is a competitive event on which pari-mutuel wagering is conducted.

~~[(7)]~~(8) “Contestant” is an individual participant in a contest.

~~[(8)]~~(9) “Controlled substance” is any substance included in the five classification schedules of the (U.S.) Controlled Substance Act of 1970.

~~[(9)]~~(10) “Course” is the track over which horses race.

M. Definitions beginning with the letter “m”:

(1) “Maiden” is a horse, which shows in ~~[the daily racing form or the American quarter horse chart book]~~ Equibase and RTO Incompass system as never having won a race at a recognized meeting. A maiden, which has been disqualified after finishing first in a race, is still a maiden.

(2) “Maiden race” is a race restricted to maidens.

(3) “Match race” is a race between two horses under conditions agreed to by their owners.

(4) “Meeting” is the specified period and dates each year during which an association is authorized to conduct racing by approval of the commission. For purposes of this rule, the meeting begins on the first date prior to actual racing that entries are accepted by the racing secretary. Entries shall be accepted no sooner than seven days before racing commences.

(5) “Minus pool” occurs when the payout is in excess of the net pool.

(6) “Month” is a calendar month.

(7) “Mutuel field” refers to two or more contestants in a contest that are treated as a single betting interest for pari-mutuel wagering purposes because the number of betting interests exceeds the number that can be handled individually by the pari-mutuel system.

P. Definitions beginning with the letter “p”:

(1) “Paddock” is an enclosure in which contestants scheduled to compete in a contest are confined prior to racing.

(2) “Pari-mutuel system” is the manual, electromechanical, or computerized system and all software (including the totalisator, account betting system and offsite betting equipment) that is used to record bets and transmit wagering data.

(3) **“Pari-mutuel wagering”** is a form of wagering on the outcome of an event in which all wagers are pooled and held by an association for distribution of the total amount, less the deductions authorized by law, to holders of tickets on the winning horses.

(4) **“Patron”** is a member of the public present on the grounds of a pari-mutuel association during a meeting for the purpose of wagering or to observe racing.

(5) **“Payout”** is the amount of money payable to winning wagers.

(6) **“Performance”** is a schedule of races run consecutively as one program.

(7) **“Person”** is one or more individuals, a partnership, association, organization, corporation, joint venture, legal representative, trustee, receiver, syndicate, or any other legal entity.

(8) **“Positive test”** means the result of a test, conducted as provided in these rules on an official sample, which indicates the presence of any prohibited substance.

(9) **“Post position”** is the pre-assigned position from which a horse will leave the starting gate.

(10) **“Post time”** is the scheduled starting time for a contest.

(11) **“Prima facie evidence”** is evidence that, until its effect is overcome by other evidence, will suffice as proof of fact in issue.

(12) **“Private barn”** is a barn and real property owned or leased by a trainer in which stalls are provided for races at a licensed New Mexico racetrack and who have direct access to a New Mexico racetrack.

(13) **“Profit”** is the net pool after deduction of the amount bet on the winners.

(14) **“Profit split”** is a division of profit amongst separate winning betting interests or winning betting combinations resulting in two or more payout prices.

(15) **“Program Trainer”** is a licensed trainer who solely for the purpose of the official race program, is identified as the trainer of the horse that is actually under the control of, and trained by, another person who may or may not hold a current trainer’s license in any jurisdiction.

(16) **“Prohibited substance”** is any drug, chemical, or other substance which, when administered to a horse can create a change in the normal physiological performance of the horse's racing ability, including

(a) stimulants or depressants or other substances as defined by the association of racing commissioners international; or

(b) that may interfere with testing procedures; or

(c) that is a therapeutic medication present in excess of established acceptable levels; or

(d) that is present in the horse in excess of levels that could occur naturally; or

(e) that is a substance specified by rule that is not allowed to appear in an out of competition or hair sample.

(17) **“Program”** is the published listing of all contests and contestants for a specific performance.

(18) **“Protest”** is a written complaint alleging that a horse is or was ineligible to race.

(19) **“Purse”** is the total ~~cash~~ dollar amount, including but not limited to extra breed money, for which a race is contested whether paid at the time of the race or at a future date.

S. Definitions beginning with the letter “s”:

(1) **“Scratch”** is the act of withdrawing an entered horse from a contest after the closing of entries.

(2) **“Scratch time”** is the deadline set by the association for withdrawal of entries from a scheduled performance.

(3) **“Simulcast”** refers to the live audio and visual transmission of a contest to another location for pari-mutuel wagering purposes.

(4) **“Single price pool”** is an equal distribution of profit to winning betting interests or winning betting combinations through a single payout price.

(5) **“Sponsor added money”** is added to a race in return for name and/or advertising recognition and is not added money.

(6) **“Stable name”** is a name used other than the actual legal name of an owner or lessee and registered with the commission.

(7) **“Stakes race”** is a contest in which nomination, entry and/or starting fees contribute to the purse. No overnight race shall be considered a stakes race.

(8) **“Starter”** refers to a horse, which becomes an actual contestant in a race by virtue of the starting gate opening in front of it upon dispatch by the official starter.

(9) **“Starter allowance”** is a race in which a horse establishes eligibility by starting for a claimed price pursuant to the conditions of the race.

(10) **“Steeplechase race”** is a contest in which horses mounted by jockeys run over a course on which jumps or other obstacles are placed.

(11) **“Steward”** is a duly appointed racing official with powers and duties specified by the act and these rules.

(12) **“Substitute Steward”** is a licensed or certified racing official pursuant to 60-1A-12, duly approved by the commission and appointed by the executive director or the presiding steward, with the powers and duties specified by the act and these rules.
