The purpose of these amendments are to eliminate and correct rule conflicts regarding condition of claimed horses and provide clearer understanding of claiming processes, procedures and stewards' voiding of a claim.

**15.2.4.6 OBJECTIVE:** [The objective of Part 4 of Chapter 2 is to] To achieve the objective that all horse races be conducted fairly and honestly.

#### 15.2.4.8 CLAIMING RACES:

#### A. General Provisions:

- (1) A person entering a horse in a claiming race warrants that the title to said horse is free and clear of any existing claim or lien, either as security interest mortgage, bill of sale, or lien of any kind; unless before entering such horse, the written consent of the holder of the claim or lien has been filed with the stewards and the racing secretary and its entry approved by the stewards. A transfer of ownership arising from a recognized claiming race will terminate any existing prior lease for that horse.
- (2) A filly or mare that has been bred is ineligible to enter into a claiming race unless a licensed veterinarian's certificate dated at least 25 days after the last breeding of that mare is on file with the racing secretary's office stating that the mare or filly is not in foal. However, an in-foal filly or mare shall be eligible to enter into a claiming race if the following conditions are fulfilled:
- (a) full disclosure of such fact is on file with the racing secretary and such information is posted in the racing secretary's office;
- (b) the stallion service certificate has been deposited with the racing secretary's office (although all information obtained on such certificate shall remain confidential);
- (c) all payments due for the service in question and for any live progeny resulting from that service are paid in full;
- (d) the release of the stallion service certificate to the successful claimant at the time of claim is guaranteed.
- (3) The stewards may [set aside and order recession of] void a claim for any horse from a claiming race run in this jurisdiction upon a showing that any party to the claim committed a prohibited action, as specified in Subsection E of 15.2.4 NMAC with respect to the making of the claim, or that the owner of the horse at the time of entry in the claiming race failed to comply with any requirement of [these rules regarding claiming races] this rule. Should the stewards order a [recession of a] claim void, they may also, in their discretion, make a further order for the costs of maintenance and care of the horse as they may deem appropriate.
- (4) The successful claimant of a horse shall be notified of a medication violation. Once notified, the successful claimant has 72 hours in which to request the stewards to void the claim. If the claim is voided the stewards may also, in their discretion, make a further order for the costs of maintenance and care of the horse as they may deem appropriate. If the claim is not voided, all applicable time requirements and procedures pursuant to Subsection C of 15.2.6.9 NMAC shall follow the horse.
- (5) [A claim shall be voided if a horse is a starter as determined by the New Mexico racing commission, and the horse:
  - (a) dies on the track; or
- (b) suffers injury requiring euthanasia of the horse as determined by the official or racing veterinarian while the horse is on the track or at the test barn.] Title to a horse which is claimed shall be vested in the successful claimant from the time the field has been dispatched from the starting gate and the horse becomes a starter.
- (6) All claimed horses shall go to the test barn for observation by the official or racing veterinarian.
  - (7) The claim shall be voided, and ownership of the horse retained by the original owner if:
    - (a) the horse dies on the racetrack;
    - (b) the horse is euthanized before leaving the racetrack;
    - (c) the horse is vanned off the racetrack by discretion of the official or racing

veterinarian.

- (d) the official or racing veterinarian determines within 45 minutes of the race that the horse will be placed on the veterinarians' list as bled, physically distressed, medically compromised, unsound, or lame before the horse is released to the successful claimant.
- (8) The claim shall not be voided, if prior to the race in which the horse is claimed, the claimant elects to claim the horse regardless of whether the official or racing veterinarian determines the horse will be placed on the veterinarians' list as bled or unsound or the horse tests positive for a prohibited substance.

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## C. Claiming of Horses:

- (1) Any horse entered in a claiming race that is not present in the paddock at least 10 minutes to post will be scratched.
- Any horse in a race for claiming may not wear into the paddock anything it will not race in except for a blanket, rain sheet or halter and lead shank for control.
- (3) Any horse starting in a claiming race is subject to be claimed for its entered price by any: licensed owner; holder of a valid claim certificate; licensed authorized agent acting on behalf of an eligible claimant.
- (4) Every horse claimed shall race for the account of the original owner, but title to the horse shall be transferred to the claimant from the time the horse [enters the track to the post] is determined by the stewards to be a starter in a race. The successful claimant shall become the owner of the horse. [regardless of whether it is alive or dead, sound or unsound, or injured during the race or after it.]

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## F. Procedure for Claiming:

- (1) To make a valid claim for a horse, an eligible person shall:
- (a) have on deposit with the horsemen's bookkeeper an amount equal to the amount of the claim, plus all transfer fees and applicable taxes; and for all quarter horse claims shall also have on deposit in their horsemen's account all fees for a rush transfer, not to exceed \$100.00, prior to entering;
- (b) accurately complete, without the use of nicknames, a written claim slip in a manner that is consistent with how the claimant is licensed with the commission [including information that the claimant holds a current valid license] on a form furnished by the association and approved by the commission;
- (c) identify the horse to be claimed by the spelling of its name on the certificate of registration or as spelled on the official program, including the country of origin;
- (d) place the completed claim form inside a sealed envelope furnished by the association and approved by the commission;
  - (e) have the time of day that the claim is entered recorded on the envelope;
- (f) have the envelope deposited in the claim box no later than 10 minutes prior to post time of the race for which the claim is entered.
- (2) After a claim has been deposited in the claim box, it is irrevocable and shall not be withdrawn from the claim box.
- (3) Officials and employees of the association shall not provide any information as to the filing of claims until after the horses have entered the track to post.
- (4) If more than one claim is filed on a horse, the successful claim shall be determined by lot conducted by the stewards or their representatives.
- (5) Notwithstanding any designation of sex or age appearing in the racing program or in any racing publication, the claimant of a horse shall be solely responsible for the determination of the sex or age of any horse claimed.

# **G.** Transfer of Claimed Horses:

- (1) Upon successful claim, the stewards shall issue, upon forms approved by the commission, an authorization of transfer of the horse from the original owner to the claimant. Copies of the transfer authorization shall be forwarded to and maintained by the stewards and the racing secretary. Upon notification by the stewards, the horsemen's bookkeeper shall immediately debit the claimant's account for the claiming price, applicable taxes and transfer fees.
  - (2) A person shall not refuse to deliver a properly claimed horse to the successful claimant.
- (3) Transfer of possession of a claimed horse shall take place immediately after the race has been run unless otherwise directed by the stewards. If the horse is required to be taken to the test barn for post-race testing, the original trainer or their representative shall maintain physical custody of the claimed horse and shall

observe the testing procedure and sign the test sample tag. The successful claimant or their representative shall also accompany the horse to the test barn.

- (4) When a horse is claimed out of a claiming race, the horse's engagements are transferred, with the horse, to the claimant.
- Ownership interest in any horse claimed from a race shall not be resold or transferred for 30 days after such horse was claimed, except by claim from a subsequent race.
- (6) A claimed horse shall not race elsewhere, except within state, or out of state stake races for a period of 30 days or the end of the meet, whichever occurs first.
- (7) A claimed horse shall not remain in the same stable or under the control or management of its former owner.
- (8) Entry of horses subject to being claimed in a claiming race implies owner (trainer as the agent of the owner) consent for transfer of all veterinary exam and treatment records for the last 60 days to the new trainer of the claimed horse within three days of the transfer.

[15.2.4.8 NMAC - Rp, 15 NMAC 2.4.8, 3/15/2001; A, 10/31/2006; A, 6/15/2009; A, 6/30/2009; A, 1/1/2013; A, 6/1/2016; A/E, 6/28/2016; A, 12/16/2016; A, 5/1/2019; A, 4/20/2021]

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